

# SETTLEMENT AND ISO 15022 STANDARDS:

# INDIA OTC MARKET PRACTICE

Issued on behalf of the Indian Market Practice Group

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# **Indian Market Practice Templates for Settlement**

#### 1 Introduction

The Indian securities market has traditionally used proprietary systems, faxes, telephones, emails etc. for communication with each other. There is no single authenticated standard for communication between the market participants and different modes of communication are used based on the comfort level of the counterparties. SWIFT usage has been restricted to banks and the securities messages have been used for communicating with their offshore clients. SWIFT has implemented the new ISO 15022 messaging standards for securities transaction to facilitate secured, efficient and timely communication. The focus of the new messages is to have consistent implementation of messages by the market participants and bring the industry closer to its goal of achieving Straight-Through-Processing (STP).

#### 2 Securities Market Practices

There are no standards defined in India for securities communication. Each industry participant has defined and used the existing SWIFT messages separately and differently. This has resulted in an inefficient exchange of information.

Launched in October 1998, the new suite of ISO 15022 compliant securities message standards (covering Settlement, Reconciliation and Corporate Actions), now enables consistent and sophisticated transaction processing and handling from the very beginning to the end of the securities processing chain.

#### 3 Business Elements

This document consists of:

- The Needed business elements (the common elements and any others required) and their data content format for IN (India)
- Requirement from the Market for ISO15022 communication
- The "generic" message flow and template
- Illustrative scenarios

Changes to previous version in BLUE			
Version 3.1 February 2004	Additional Elements recommendations.	Page 5	
Version 4.0 June 2013	Removed obsolete information and updated where appropriate	All	
Version 1.1 July 2015	Update Disclaimer	-	

## 4 The Needed Elements

IN Business element name	Data Content Format
Sender's Message Reference	16x
Place of Trade	4!c/4!c
Settlement Date	8!n
Trade Date	8!n
Identification of Financial Instrument	ISIN1!e12!c
Quantity of Financial Instrument to be settled	4!c/15d with $(1)4!c =$
	FAMT for fixed income
Safekeeping account to be credited or debited	35x
Delivering or Receiving agent	BIC (2)
Client of Delivering or Receiving agent	BIC
Place of settlement	BIC
Settlement Amount (including currency)	3!a15d

# 4.1 Specifics

To settle equities or fixed income securities in the Indian Market the Common List of Data Elements needs to be used, with:

- 1. A description may be supplied with the ISIN if necessary, variable length 4\*35x.
- 2. The Delivering or Receiving agent is the counterparty broker and BIC Code of the broker to be used.
- 3. The place of trade will uniquely identify trades done on different exchanges.

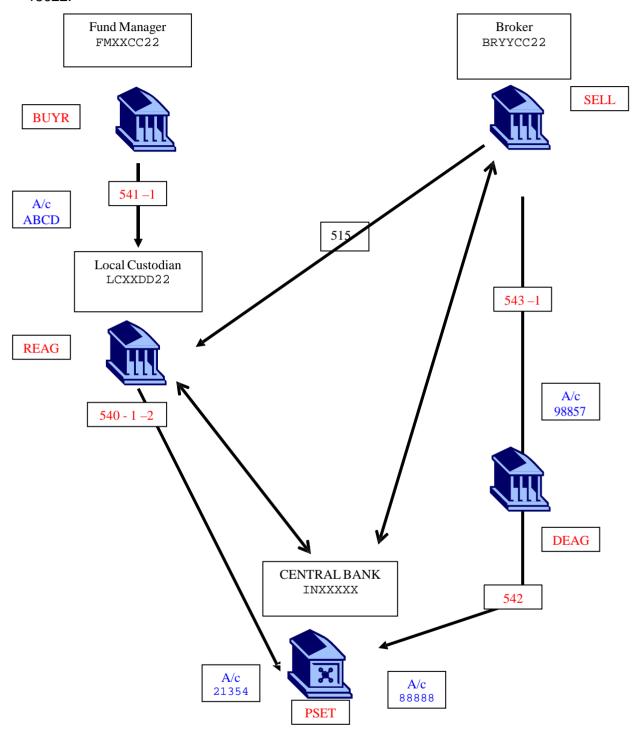
# 6 Requirement from the Market for ISO 15022

The key market participants need to have the facility to send and receive data using standardised message formats adhering to ISO 15022 and SWIFT message formats, which interface into their backend system. These are the depositories, clearing corporations, brokers and the institutional market participants.

Sample illustration of a flow of SWIFT messages is given in the "Domestic general flow". This is purely illustrative and is not intended to be an accurate description of the flow of messages. The same has to be arrived at with the consensus of the market participants.

## 6.1 Domestic Generic Flow

A sample of Buy trade flow in a scenario where the market participants are using ISO 15022



## 6.2 Illustration of the common elements used :

• Securities used: 10000 of INE009A01021

• Parties and safekeeping accounts relationships as follows:

fund manager	FMXXCC22	fictional Bank Identifier Code (BIC)
	ABCD	fictional account with its global custodian
broker	BRYYCC22	fictional Bank Identifier Code (BIC)
	99857	fictional account with its local agent
global custodian	GCXXDD22	fictional Bank Identifier Code (BIC)
	A1B2	fictional account with its subcustodian/local agent
subcustodian/local agent of the global	SCXXIN22	fictional Bank Identifier Code (BIC)
custodian (1)	21354	fictional account with the central securities depository
local agent of the broker (2)	SCYYIN22	fictional Bank Identifier Code (BIC)
	88888	fictional account with the central securities depository
PSET	INXXXXX	Fictional Place of settlement

• Trade Date is: 01 March 2005

• Place of Trade is: OTCO

Settlement Date is: 04 March 2005
Settlement amount is: INR300000,
Sender's Reference is: 21324

• For our illustrative examples the "place settlement" is INXXXXX

Detailed Field Name	Data Field Content	Example
		4.65
Start of block	GENL	:16R:GENL
Sender's Reference	16x	:20C::SEME//21324
Function of the message	4!c	:23G:NEWM
End of block	GENL	:16S:GENL
Start of block	TRADDET	:16R:TRADDET
Place of Trade	4!c/30x	:94B:TRAD//OTCO
Settlement Date	8!n	:98A::SETT//20050304
Trade Date	8!n	:98A::TRAD//20050301
Identification of the	ISIN1!e12!c	:35B:ISIN IN0123456789
Financial Instruments		
End of block	TRADDET	:16S:TRADDET
Start of block	FIAC	:16R:FIAC
Quantity of Financial	4!c/15d	:36B::SETT//xxxx/15000,
Instrument		
Safekeeping Account (of the	35x	:97A::SAFE//xxxxxxxxx
sender with the receiver)	ETA C	.160.8770
End of block	FIAC	:16S:FIAC
Start of block	SETDET	:16R:SETDET
Settlement Transaction Type	1!a	:22F::SETR//TRAD
Indicator		
IDENTIFICATION OF PARTIES	WILL VARY	ACCORDING TO THE SETTLEMENT
IDENTIFICATION OF PARTIES	WILL VARI	CHAIN
OF ACCOUNTS		CIMILIV
OF ACCOUNTS		
Start of block	AMT	:16R:AMT
Settlement amount	3!c15d	:19A::SETT//INR300000,
End of block	AMT	:16S:AMT
The death of block	OF MIDEM	.16g.gpmppm
End of block	SETDET	:16S:SETDET

# Settlement Chain should at least contain:

Delivering or Receiving agent	BIC
Client of Delivering or Receiving agent	BIC
Place of Settlement	BIC

# Example:

Start of block	SETPRTY	:16S:SETPRTY
Party (Delivering agent)	BIC	:95P::DEAG//SCYYIN22
End of block	SETPRTY	:16S:SETPRTY
Start of block	SETPRTY	:16R:SETPRTY
Party (Seller)	BIC	:95P::SELL//BRYYCC22
End of block	SETPRTY	:16S:SETPRTY
Start of block	SETPRTY	:16R:SETPRTY
Party (place of settlement)	BIC	:95P::PSET//INXXXXXX
End of block	SETPRTY	:16S:SETPRTY

## 7 Extension to Settlement Confirmation and Free of Payment

The set of common elements can also be used for settlement confirmation and free of payment transaction with the following differences:

### 7.1 free of payments

Free of payment instruction contains the same elements as for the against payment transaction except for the elements pertaining to the settlement amounts. The settlement amount(s) is not required.

#### 7.2 confirms

The Settlement confirmation – whether it is a free of payment or an against payment transaction – should contain the same elements as the original instruction

#### PLUS:

- The reference to the original settlement instruction that was received. This is done using the Linkage Block and the qualifier 20C::RELA//16x

#### **EXCEPT:**

- The settlement date given in the confirmation is the effective settlement date (which might differ from the instructed settlement date as stated in the instruction). This translates in ISO 15022 messages by using the qualifier ESET rather than SETT as qualifier for the date field 98a.
- The quantity of financial instrument in the confirmation is the effective settled quantity. This translates in ISO 15022 messages by using the qualifier ESTT rather than SETT as qualifier for the quantity of financial instrument field 36B.
- The settlement amount given in the confirmation is the effective settlement amount. This translates in ISO 15022 messages by using the qualifier ESTT rather than SETT as qualifier for the amount field 19A.

The Indian market practice usage guidelines are also available in MyStandards